Electoral platform of the PLDM

Building the state of law

- Electing the President of the country by direct popular vote;
- Forming the Parliament under a mixed electoral system; Electing 51 deputies by direct vote and 50– on a party-list basis;
- Ensuring the genuine separation of powers in the state;
- Adopting the Lustration Law (unveiling former collaborators with the intelligence services) with the purpose of restricting access to public office for persons who committed illegalities during the Communist period;
- Ensuring the freedom of media; implementing a state program for supporting the free press;
- Strengthening the civil society and a genuine involvement of the non-governmental organizations in the decision-making process;

A judiciary making justice

- Eliminating from the judiciary system, the prosecutor's office and the investigation bodies all persons compromised by having fabricated penal suits upon the governance's command or by pronouncing illegal sentences;
- Ensuring transparency in appointing and promoting judges;
- Demilitarizing the prosecutor's office, offering prosecutors the status of magistrates and ensuring the stability of their public offices;
- Limiting the involvement of the Ministry of Justice in administering the Bar and Notary systems;
- Instituting a system of private bailiffs and adopting a new enforcement code with minimum procedures;

Social protection – for a strong family and a guaranteed old age

- Raising childbirth allowance to 10,000 lei and the monthly childcare allowance to 1,300 lei till 2012;
- Getting the disabled people involved in schools and in the community.
- Establishing a minimum pension of 1,300 lei according to the existence minimum;
- Discharging all arrears of Banca de Economii to the citizens who made deposits to it till 1991;
- Implementing the national dwelling program for young people and young families from towns and villages;
- Implementing the program of social dwellings;

Education – a national priority

- Approaching education as a national priority, allotting minimum 8% of the GDP for educational system:
- Consolidating research centers in universities;
- Creating "educational accounts" through which each citizen could ensure his/her own education;

- Raising salaries in education according to the average salary on economy and up to 7.000 lei monthly till 2013;
- Implementing a state program on ensuring the educational institutions from villages with teaching staff;
- Giving tax bonuses for the tuition fees;

Health for everyone

- Ensuring the access of all people to quality medical services;
- Extending the spectrum of free medical services provided on the basis of the insurance policy;
- Ensuring each locality with family doctors;
- Tripling the doctor's salaries till 2012;
- Ensuring specialized staff and providing medical institutions with equipment and modern technologies;
- Creating a national social movement for popularizing a healthy way of life;

Competitive economy

- Creating a friendly business environment and a favorable investment climate;
- De-monopolizing the economic activities and limiting the state's interference in the economy;
- Ensuring the inviolability of ownership as a factor of economic growth and personal freedom;
- Creating favorable conditions for managing the remittances sent by nationals working abroad in the producing sectors and services;
- Reducing red tape; Reducing the number of controlling institutions;
- Supporting young entrepreneurs in launching and developing their own businesses and absolving them from paying taxes in the first three years of work;
- Fostering the development of small and medium companies;
- Creating 200,000 jobs;
- Reducing general taxation and the VAT to 18%;
- Protecting the free competition and the consumers' rights;
- Raising the monthly average salary to 7,000 lei till 2013;
- Managing public money in a transparent and efficient way;
- Ensuring energy security of the country through diversifying the sources of natural gas supply; Joining the Nabucco project and other energy projects in the region;
- Integrating the energy sector of Moldova into the European energy system; Joining the Energy Community Treaty;

A well-developed agriculture

- Organizing agriculture according to the European agricultural model and making it a profitable branch;
- Regaining the statute of a food exporting state;
- Doubling the fund for supporting agricultural producers and establishing a subvention of 500 lei per hectare, starting with 2009;
- Stimulating mortgage and long-term crediting in agriculture;
- Diminishing taxation, including by VAT import exemption for cars and agricultural equipment, seeding material, fertilizers etc. that are not produced in the country, and reducing the repayment terms of the VAT on exports;

• Ensuring transparency of the state procurement and handing out subventions in agriculture;

European transport and roads

- Rehabilitating 500 km of motorways till 2013 by attracting European funds and other grants and allotting minimum 500 million lei annually from the state budget;
- Creating necessary conditions for directing investments in building international modern transport corridors;
- Modernizing and extending the railway network and fleet;
- Rehabilitating the railway segment Chisinau-Ungheni, Chisinau-Balti-Otaci and adapting the Chisinau-Ungheni segment to the European gauge;
- Diversifying airway routes and de-monopolizing the market of air flight services market to reduce traveling costs;

Reintegrating the country

- Unconditioned and complete withdrawal of the Russian troops from Moldova;
- Transforming the tripartite peace-keeping military mission into a civil and international mission;
- Involving the European Union and the United Nations Organization in managing the Eastern districts till the final settlement of the Transnistrian conflict;
- Reintegrating the region from the left bank of the Nistru into the constitutional, economic, political, social and cultural space of the country, on the basis of the Moldovan Constitution and the Law on basic principles of settling the conflict from the Eastern districts of Moldova.

European integration and responsible external policy

- Signing the Small Border Traffic Convention Small with Romania;
- Receiving the status of an Associated State to the European Union till 2012.
- Obtaining the visa-free regime with the European Union till 2011;
- Strengthening the relations with EU member states with a view to support the European integration process of Moldova;
- Establishing a strategic European partnership with Romania;
- Enhancing good-neighborly relations and mutual support with Ukraine; Establishing a strategic partnership with the United States of America;
- Developing predictable and mutually advantageous relations with Russia;
- Supporting the Moldovan citizens abroad;

Efficient public administration

- A complex reform of the central public administration till 2011;
- Promoting competent, responsible and incorruptible persons in the public administration;
- Reforming the salary payment system of the administration staff and creating an efficient labour motivation system;
- Depoliticizing the civil servants and ensuring their stability;
- Ensuring transparency in decision-making at all levels;
- Implementing the Strategy on e-governance and providing all public authorities with high-level electronic equipment;

Local autonomy and prosperous communities

- Achieving administrative and financial decentralization till the first-level administrative units;
- Strengthening the autonomy of the local public authorities in managing goods; Distributing transfers from the state budget to the local ones without any political-based discrimination;
- Collecting taxes in the tax payers' locality. 25% of the VA T will remain in local budgets;
- Implementing the National Program for rural infrastructure development;
- Adopting and implementing the National Strategy for regional development;
- Doubling the budgets for projects implemented in villages and reducing the development disparity between regions till 2013;
- Raising the non-reimbursable funding for cross-border cooperation till 500 million euros, from the European funds;
- Connecting all Moldovan localities to the gas pipe till 2013;
- Providing drinkable water for domestic households till 2013;
- Carrying out a national program of building sewer networks in villages;

Reviving culture and arts

- Adopting the Law on artistic unions and the Law on status of the artist that would stimulate the creative work;
- Developing cultural infrastructure and supporting artistic education; Renewing 200 houses of culture till 2013 and transforming them into community multifunctional centers;
- Doubling the artists' salaries;
- Doubling the state budget allocations for culture;

Healthy natural environment

- Creating the infrastructure for collecting, processing and recycling solid waste;
- Renewing the barrage system affected by the 2008 floods (allotting 1/3 from the Ecological Fund budget and attracting external financing) and accomplishing other actions for preventing natural calamities;
- Extending the forest areas and other forest plantations to 14% of the total country's surface; Creating a network of national parks;
- Fulfilling measures to protect and raise soil fertility for reducing the waste areas twice: from 878 thousand ha to 439 thousand ha;

The Moldova's destiny is in the hands of its citizens.

It is time to bring normality to our country.

Let's start the renewing, vote GREEN FOR MOLDOVA!